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## Stages of Speech and Language Development

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		Listening and attention	Understanding	Speech sounds and talk	Social skills
Up to 3 months		□ Turns towards a familiar sound □ Startled by loud noises	<ul> <li>□ Recognises parent's voice</li> <li>□ Often calmed by familiar friendly voice, e.g. parent's</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Frequently cries especially when unhappy or uncomfortable</li> <li>□ Makes vocal sounds, e.g. cooing, gurgling</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Gazes at faces and copies facial movements, e.g. sticking out tongue!</li> <li>Makes eye contact for fairly long periods</li> </ul>
3 – 6 months		□ Watches face when someone talks	☐ Shows excitement at sound of approaching voices	<ul> <li>□ Makes vocal noises to get attention</li> <li>□ Makes sounds back when talked to</li> <li>□ Laughs during play</li> <li>□ Babbles to self</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Senses different emotions in parent's voice and may respond differently, for example, smile, quieten, laugh</li> <li>Cries in different ways to express different needs</li> </ul>
6 – 12 months		<ul> <li>□ Locates source of voice with accuracy</li> <li>□ Focuses on different sounds, e.g. telephone, doorbell, clock</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Understands frequently used words such as 'all gone', 'no' and 'bye-bye'</li> <li>□ Stops and looks when hears own name</li> <li>□ Understands simple instructions when supported by gestures and context</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uses speech sounds (babbling) to communicate with adults; says sounds like 'ba-ba, no-no, go-go'</li> <li>Stops babbling when hears familiar adult voice</li> <li>Uses gestures such as waving and pointing to help communicate</li> <li>Around 12 months begins to use single words e.g. 'mummum', 'dada', 'tete' (teddy)</li> </ul>	
12 – 15 months		□ Attends to music and singing □ Enjoys sound -making toys/objects	<ul> <li>Understands single words in context, e.g. cup, milk, daddy</li> <li>Understands more words than they can say</li> <li>Understands simple instructions, e.g. 'kiss mummy', 'give to daddy', 'stop'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Says around 10 single words, although these may not be clear</li> <li>Reaches or points to something they want whilst making speech sounds</li> </ul>	□ Likes being with familiar adults □ Likes watching adults for short periods of time
15 – 18 months		<ul> <li>□ Listens and responds to simple information/instructions, e.g. 'Ben, put on shoes', 'Mohammed, give to daddy'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Understands a wide range of single words and some two-word phrases, e.g. 'give me', 'shoe on'</li> <li>□ Recognises and points to objects and pictures in books if asked</li> <li>□ Gives named familiar objects to adult, e.g. coat, car, apple, book</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Still babbles but uses at least 20 single words correctly, although may not be clear</li> <li>Copies gestures and words from adults</li> <li>Constant babbling and single words used during play</li> <li>Uses intonation, pitch and changing volume when 'talking'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Simple pretend play</li> <li>Plays alone, although likes to be near familiar adult</li> <li>Although increasingly independent, happiest when near familiar adult</li> </ul>
18 months to 2 years		<ul> <li>Focuses on an activity of their own choice but finds it difficult to be directed by an adult</li> <li>Use of child's name beginning to help them to attend to what an adult says, e.g. 'Sarah, eat sandwiches', 'Ali, put coat on'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Understanding of single words develops rapidly during this stage: anything between 200 and 500 words are known</li> <li>□ Understands more simple instructions, e.g. 'Get mummy's shoes', 'Get your bricks', 'Tell dad tea's ready'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uses up to 50 words</li> <li>Begins to put two or three words together</li> <li>Frequently asks questions, e.g. the names of people and objects (towards two years of age)</li> <li>Uses speech sounds p,b,m,w</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>'Pretend' play developing with toys, such as feeding a doll or driving a car</li> <li>Becomes frustrated when unable to make self understood – this may result in tantrums</li> <li>Follows adult body language including pointing, gesture and facial expressions</li> </ul>
2 – 3 years		<ul> <li>Beginning to listen to talk with interest, but easily distracted.</li> <li>Listens to talk addressed to him/herself, but finds it difficult if prompts are not provided, e.g. use of name, 'stop and listen'</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Developing understanding of simple concepts including in/on/under, big/little</li> <li>Understands phrases like 'put teddy in the box', 'get your book, coat and bag', 'draw a big brown dog'</li> <li>Understands simple 'who' and 'what' and 'where' questions but not why</li> <li>Understands a simple story when supported with pictures</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uses 300 words including descriptive language, time, space, function</li> <li>Links four to five words together</li> <li>May stutter or stammer when thinking what to say</li> <li>Able to use pronouns (me, him, she), plurals and prepositions (in, on, under)</li> <li>Has problems saying speech sounds: l/r/w/y, f/th, s/sh/ch/dz/j</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Holds a conversation but jumps from topic to topic</li> <li>Interested in other's play and will join in</li> <li>Expresses emotions towards adults and peers using words, not just actions</li> </ul>
3 - 4 years		<ul> <li>□ Enjoys listening to stories</li> <li>□ Still finds it difficult to attend to more than one thing at a time, so can't easily listen to a speaker whilst still carrying on an activity; has to switch attention between speaker and task</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understands questions or instructions with two parts: 'get your jumper' and 'stand by the door'</li> <li>Understands 'why' questions</li> <li>Aware of time in relation to past, present and future, e.g. Today is sunny, yesterday was rainy. I wonder what the weather will be like tomorrow? (towards four years)</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>□ Uses sentences of four to six words, e.g. 'I want to play with cars', 'What's that thingy called?'</li> <li>□ Uses future and past tense.</li> <li>□ May continue to have problems with irregular words, 'runned' for 'ran', 'swimmed' for 'swam'</li> <li>□ Able to remember and enjoys telling long stories or singing songs</li> <li>□ Has problems saying r, j, th, ch, and sh</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Understands turn-taking as well as sharing with adults and peers</li> <li>Initiates conversations</li> <li>Enjoys playing with peers</li> <li>Able to argue with adults or peers if they disagree – uses words, not just actions</li> </ul>
4 – 5 years  www.ican.org.uk www.talkingpoint.org.uk		□ Attention is now more flexible – the child can understand spoken instructions related to a task without stopping the activity to look at the speaker	<ul> <li>□ Able to follow simple story without pictures</li> <li>□ Understands instructions containing sequencing words; 'first after last'</li> <li>□ Understands adjectives: soft, hard, smooth, etc</li> <li>□ Aware of more complex humour, laughs at jokes that are told</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Uses well formed sentences,         e.g. 'I played with Ben at lunch time' but         there may still be some grammatical errors</li> <li>Easily understood by adults and peers, with         only a few immaturities in speech sounds, for         example, 'th', 'r' and three consonant         combinations 'scribble'</li> <li>Frequently asks the meaning of unfamiliar         words and may use them randomly</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Chooses own friends</li> <li>Generally co-operative with playmates</li> <li>Able to plan construction and make believe play activities</li> <li>Takes turns in longer conversations</li> <li>Uses language to gain information, negotiate, discuss feelings/ideas and give opinions</li> </ul>